

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile

York Summary

- York has 206,856 residents with 5.7% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 83.9% are in good health, with 15.3% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £537.41 was the Average Weekly Household Income in 2011/2012 (£405.83 in 2007/2008).
- 66% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 18% are private renters and 14% are social tenants.
- 73.5% of residents have a NVQ level 1 - 4 qualification and 18.0% have no qualifications at all.
- 11.6% of children live in poverty and there are 10.7% of households in fuel poverty.
- 4.9% of the working population (aged 16-64) claim out of work benefits and 0.5% claim job seekers allowance.

Huntington and New Earswick Ward



Ward Summary

- Huntington and New Earswick has 12,329 residents with 2.4% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 79.3% are in good health, with 21.1% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £498.19 was the Average Weekly Household Income in 2011/2012 (£395.00 in 2007/2008).
- 70% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 7% are private renters and 20% are social tenants.
- 63.6% of residents have a NVQ level 1 - 4 qualification and 25.5% have no qualifications at all.
- 11.3% of children live in poverty and there are 7.9% of households in fuel poverty.
- 6.6% of the working population claim out of work benefits and 0.3% claim job seekers allowance.

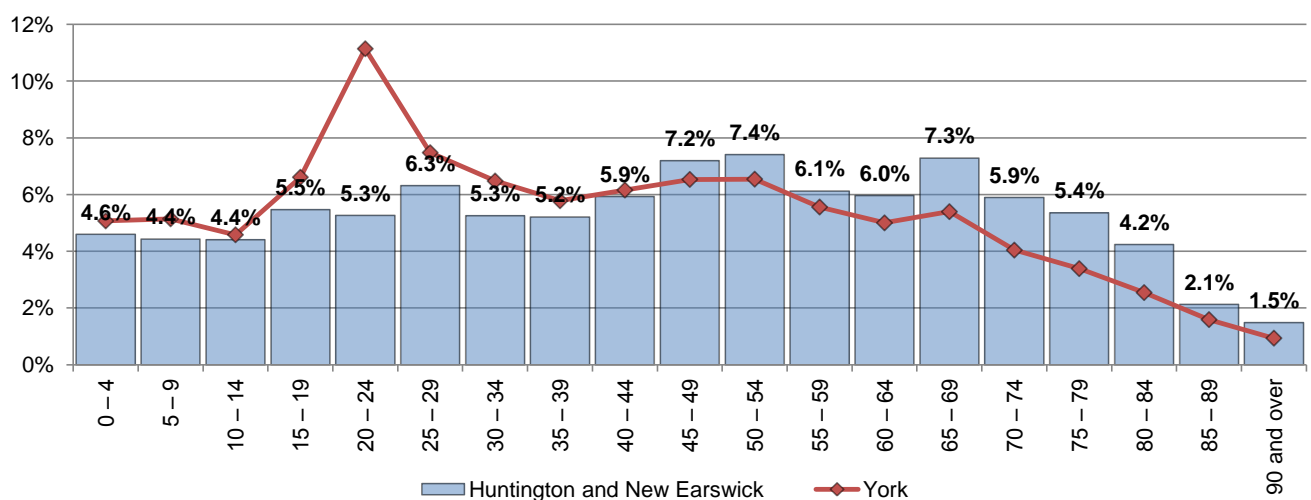
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



| Ward performance by key areas | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| This is an "at a glance" summary of performance within the ward - more detail is provided later in the profile. | | | | | | | | |
| Huntington and New Earswick Ward | | Best Ward in York | Worst Ward in York | York Ward Average | Performance (latest data) | | | |
| | | | | | Good | Area of concern | In Top 5 Wards | In Bottom 5 Wards |
| Economy | | | | | Above or below the average ± 10% Pages 7 - 8 | | | |
| Total benefit claimants | 9.13% | 3.11% | 12.62% | 6.02% | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| JSA claimants | 0.30% | 0.20% | 1.00% | 0.43% | ● | | | |
| Poverty | | | | | Page 9 | | | |
| Fuel poverty (households) | 7.87% | 6.82% | 16.07% | 10.38% | ● | | | |
| Child poverty | 11.27% | 2.00% | 22.44% | 10.53% | | | | |
| Health and Wellbeing | | | | | Pages 11 - 14 | | | |
| Reception year obesity | 6.90% | 2.70% | 10.50% | 7.46% | | | | |
| Year 6 obesity | 17.50% | 9.80% | 22.00% | 15.08% | | ◆ | | |
| Emergency hospital admissions for children (per 1,000 population) | 197.7 | 130.8 | 215.4 | 171.7 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| % with limiting long term illness or disability | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| % of obese adults | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| % of adults binge drinking | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | ● | | ● | |
| % of adults healthy eating | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | | | | ◆ |
| Elective hospital admissions (SAR) | 114.0 | 75.3 | 114.1 | 98.8 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Emergency hospital admissions (SAR) | 104.8 | 75.0 | 120.1 | 91.7 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Crime and Anti-Social Behaviour | | | | | Pages 14 - 15 | | | |
| Crime (per 1,000 population) | 12.3 | 2.0 | 49.1 | 9.6 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| ASB (per 1,000 population) | 8.0 | 2.7 | 32.0 | 7.5 | | | | ◆ |
| Residents who agree that York is a safe city to live in, relatively free from crime and violence | 80.77% | 95.24% | 60.00% | 76.30% | | | | |
| Adult Social Care | | | | | Pages 15 - 16 | | | |
| Homecare hours (weekly average) | 11.57 | 8.39 | 13.23 | 10.09 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Homecare clients (per 1,000 population) | 13.22 | 1.61 | 13.22 | 6.57 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Safeguarding concerns (per 1,000 population) | 7.46 | 1.02 | 11.26 | 5.68 | | ◆ | | |
| Assessment notices (per 1,000 population) | 6.16 | 1.16 | 8.65 | 4.31 | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Resident Engagement | | | | | Pages 17 - 18 | | | |
| Residents satisfied with their local area as a place to live | 85.19% | 100.00% | 65.00% | 89.46% | | | | ◆ |
| Residents agree their local area is a good place for children and young people to grow up | 92.59% | 100.00% | 55.00% | 82.01% | ● | | | |
| Residents who agree that they can influence decisions in their local area | 18.52% | 41.18% | 0.00% | 23.77% | | ◆ | | ◆ |
| Key: ● Good performance ◆ Area of concern | | | | | | | | |
| Further information about the ward is available at: | | | | | Huntington and New Earswick Ward | | | |

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile

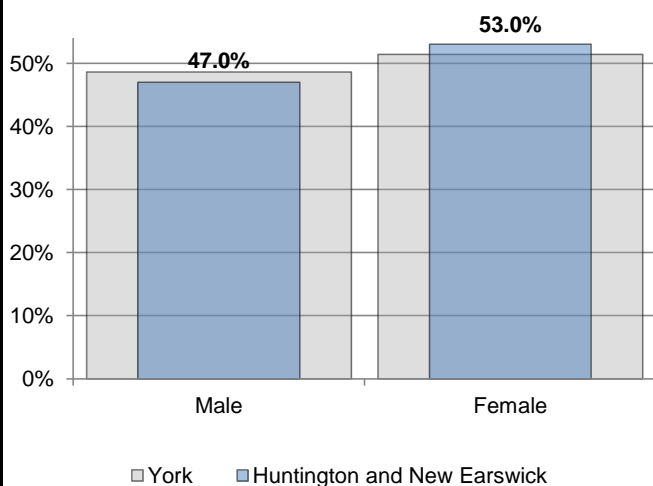
Population by Age



Source: ONS - 2015 Ward population estimates

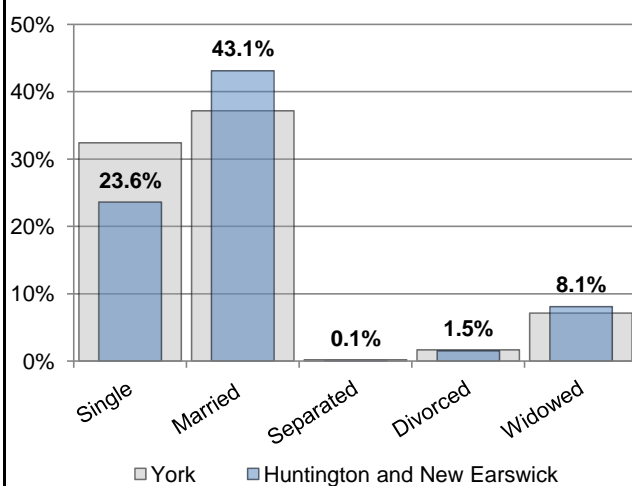
Census 2011 Update

Gender



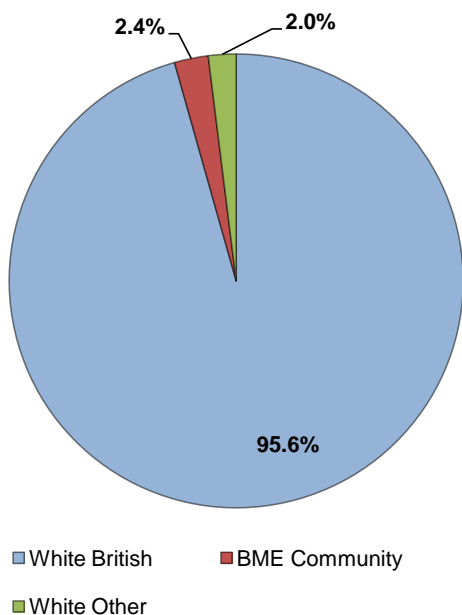
Source: Census 2011

Marital Status

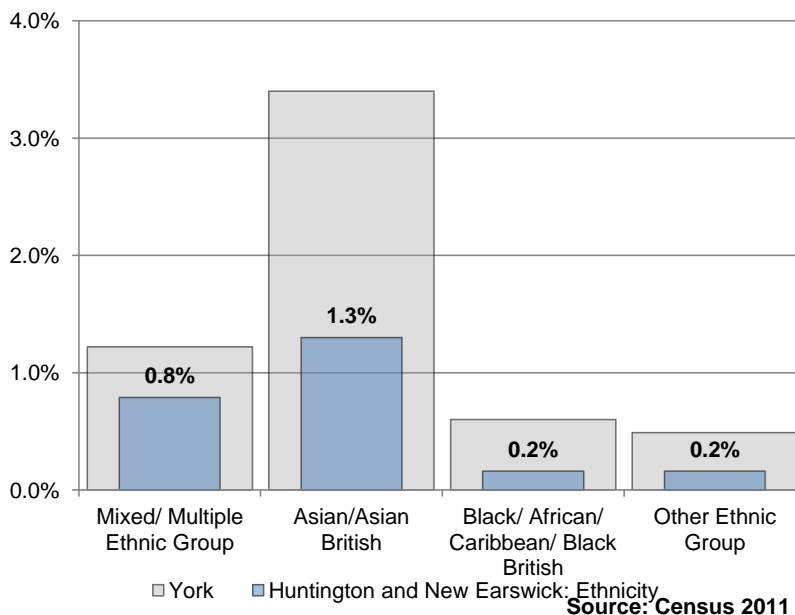


Source: Census 2011

Ethnicity



BME Community (does not include White British or White Other)

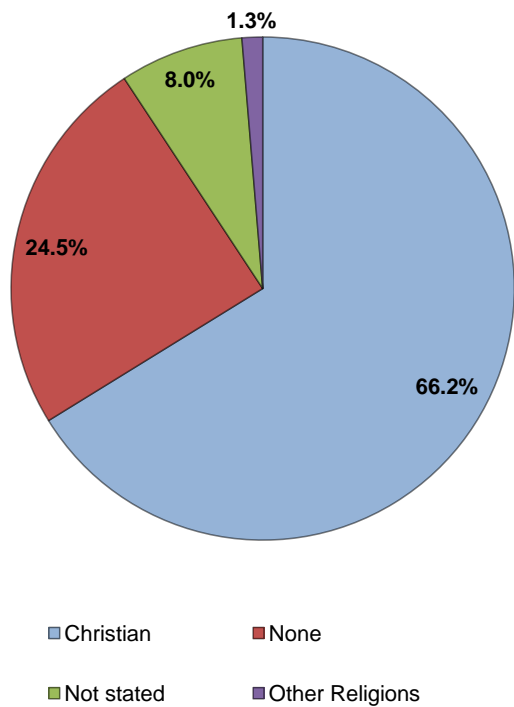


Source: Census 2011

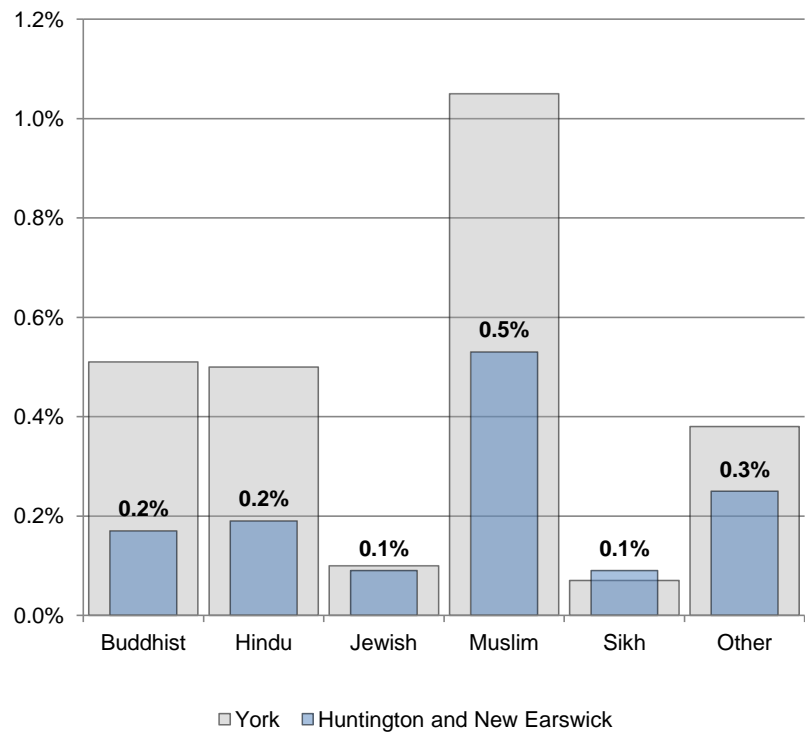
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Religion

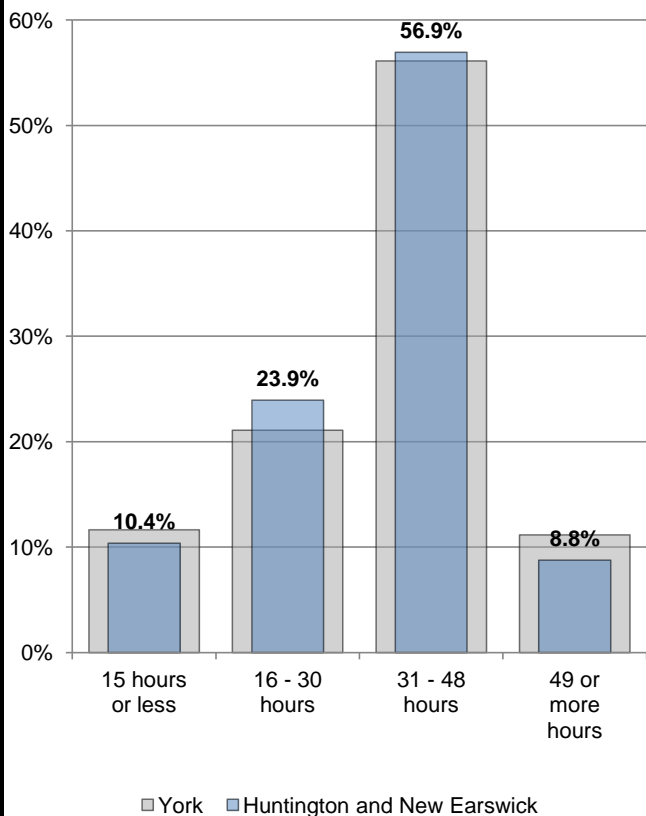


Other Religions



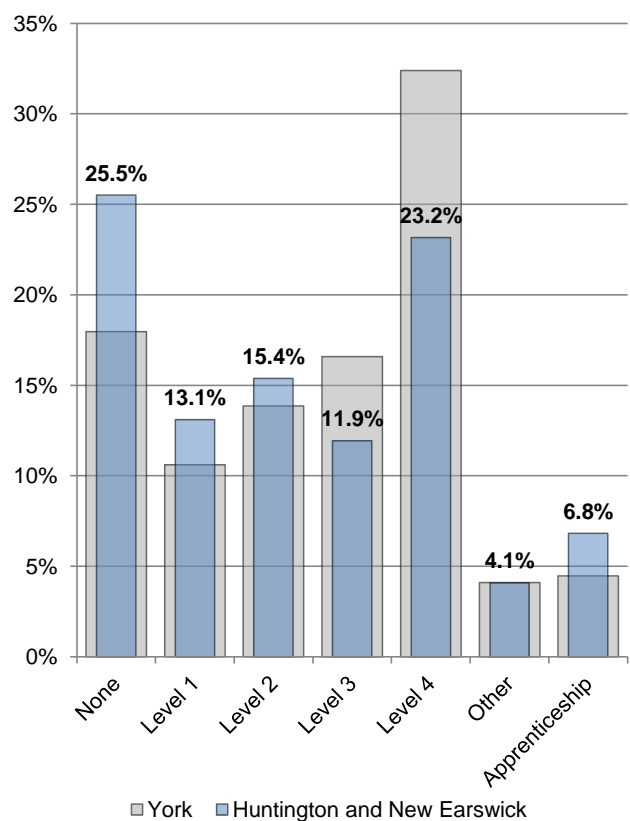
Source: Census 2011

Hours Worked



Source: Census 2011

Qualifications

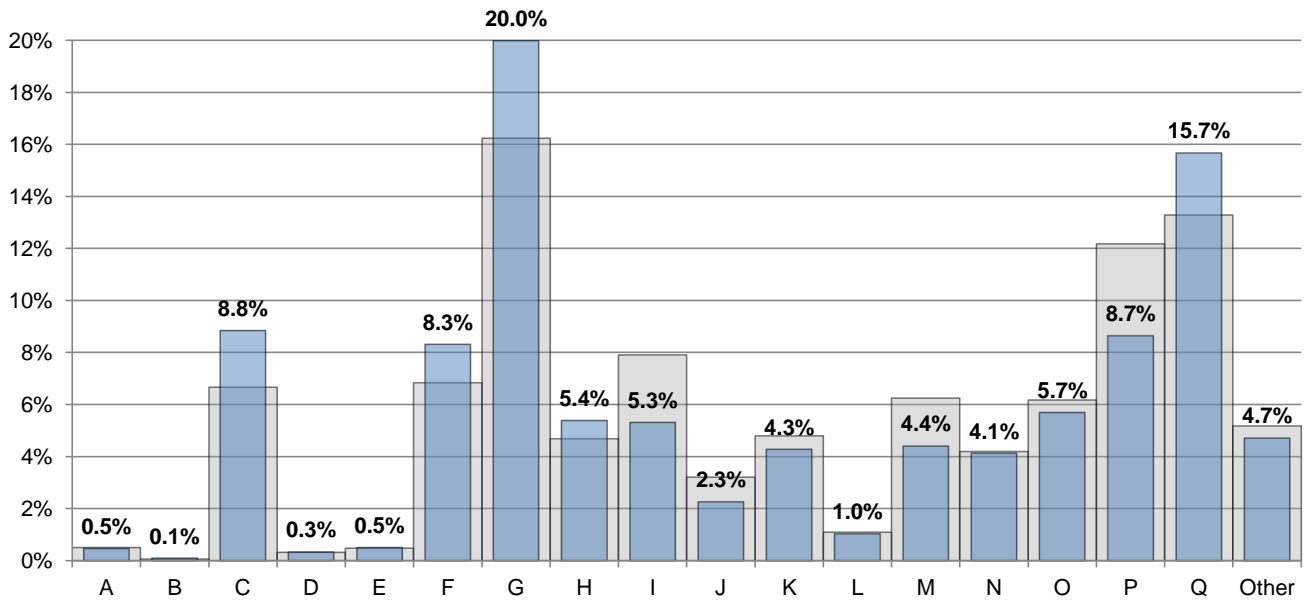


Source: Census 2011

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Industry



A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing, B: Mining and quarrying, C: Manufacturing, D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities, F: Construction

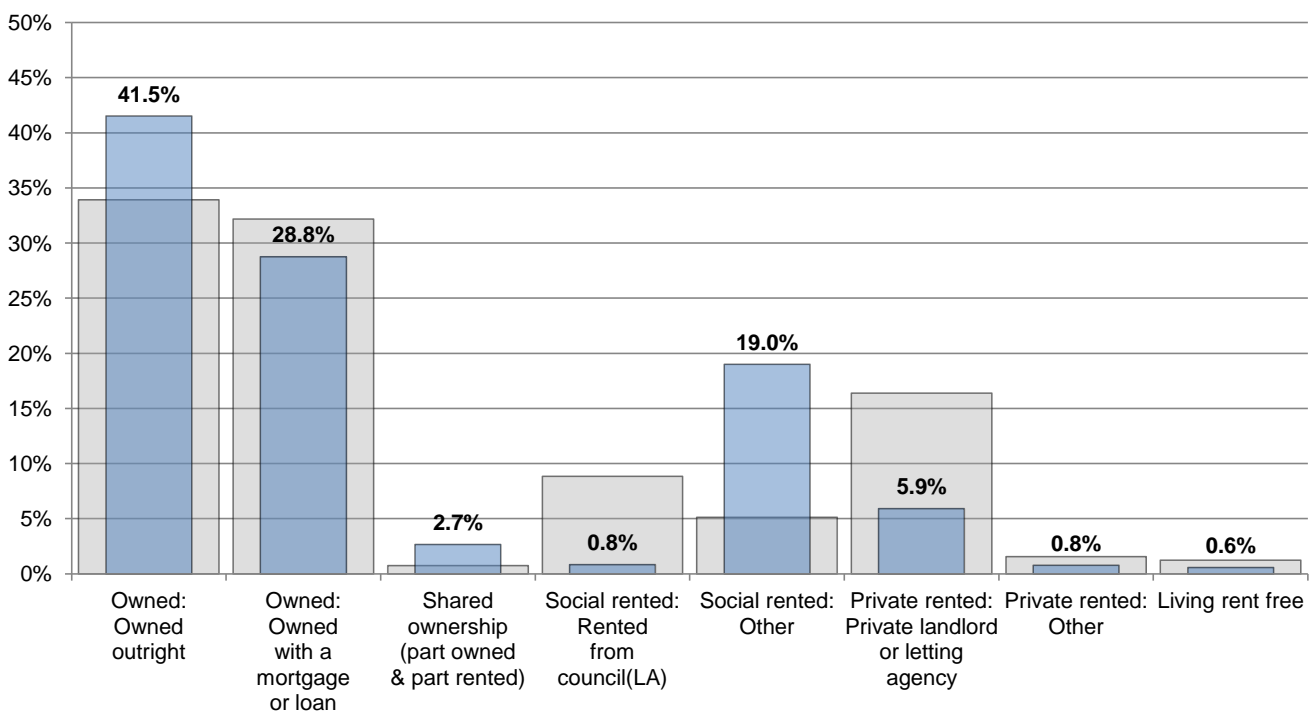
G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles, H: Transport and storage, I: Accommodation and food service activities, J: Information and communication, K: Financial and insurance activities, L: Real estate activities

M: Professional, scientific and technical activities, N: Administrative and support service activities, O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security, P: Education, Q: Human health and social work activities

■ York ■ Huntington and New Earswick

Source: Census 2011

Tenure



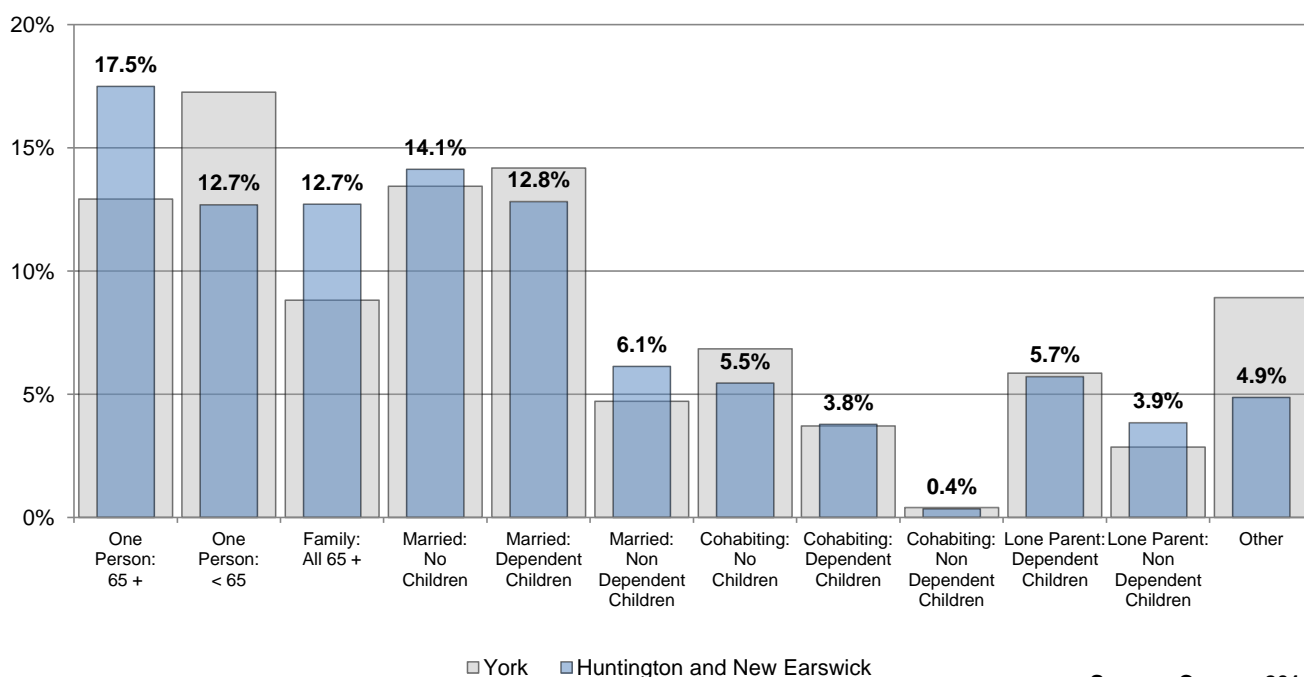
■ York ■ Huntington and New Earswick

Source: Census 2011

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



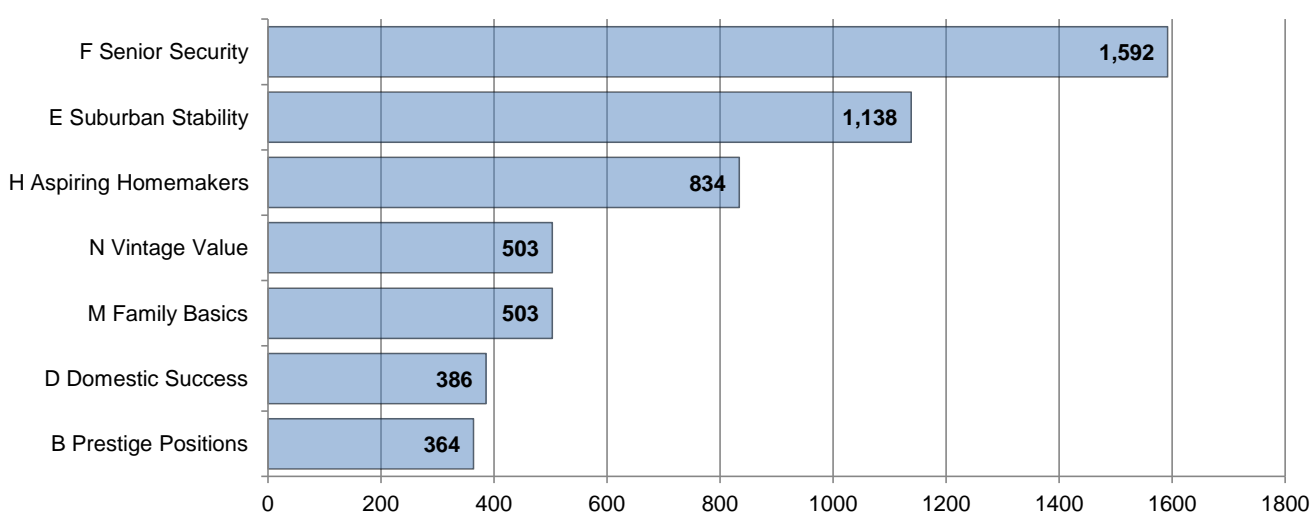
Household Composition



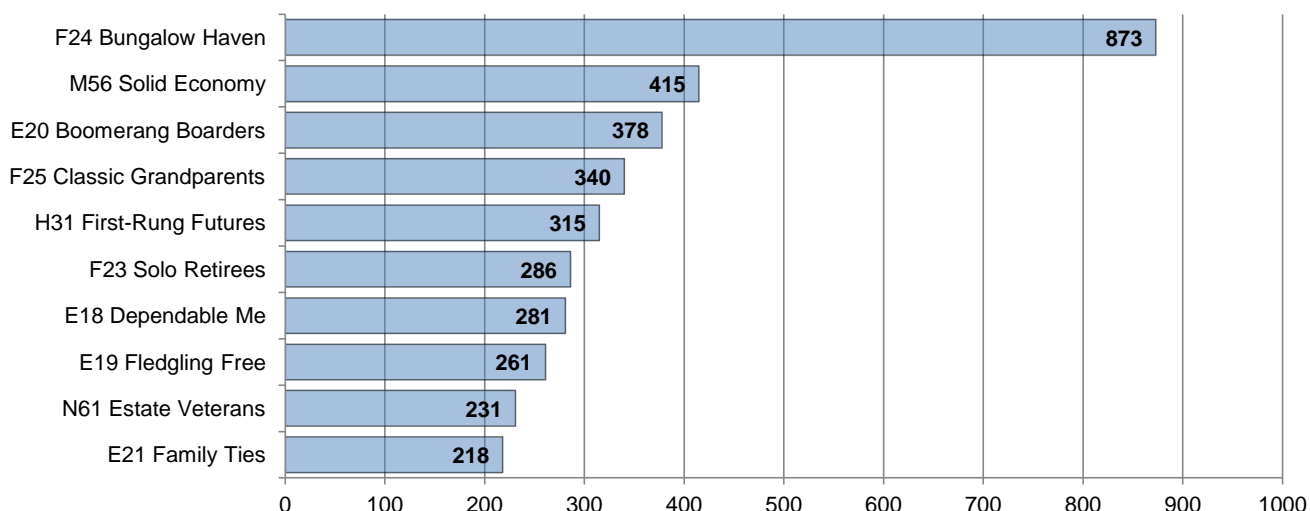
Source: Census 2011

Household Types

Experian Groups (2016)

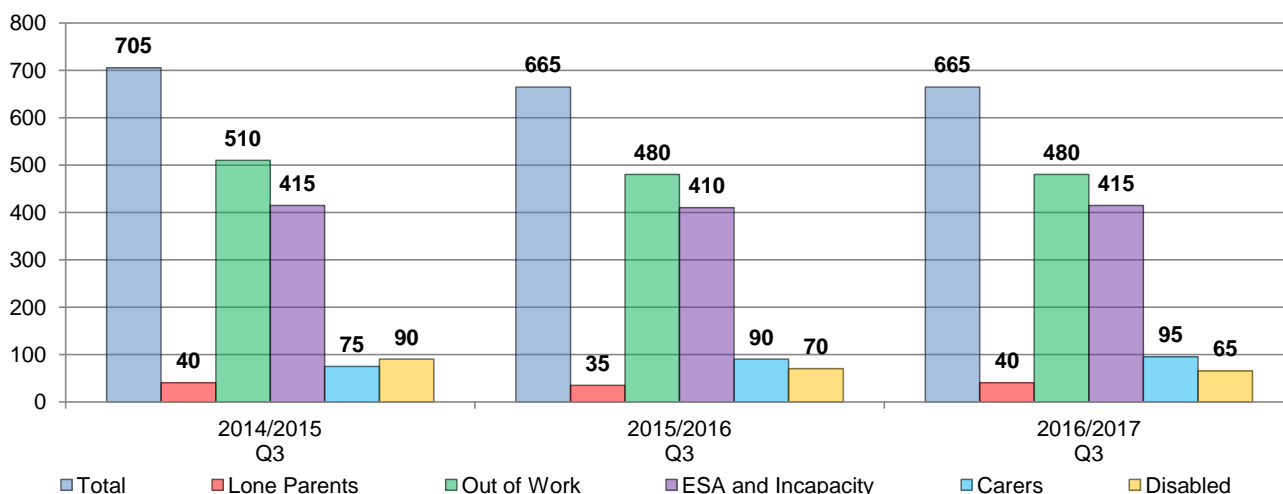


Experian Types (2016)



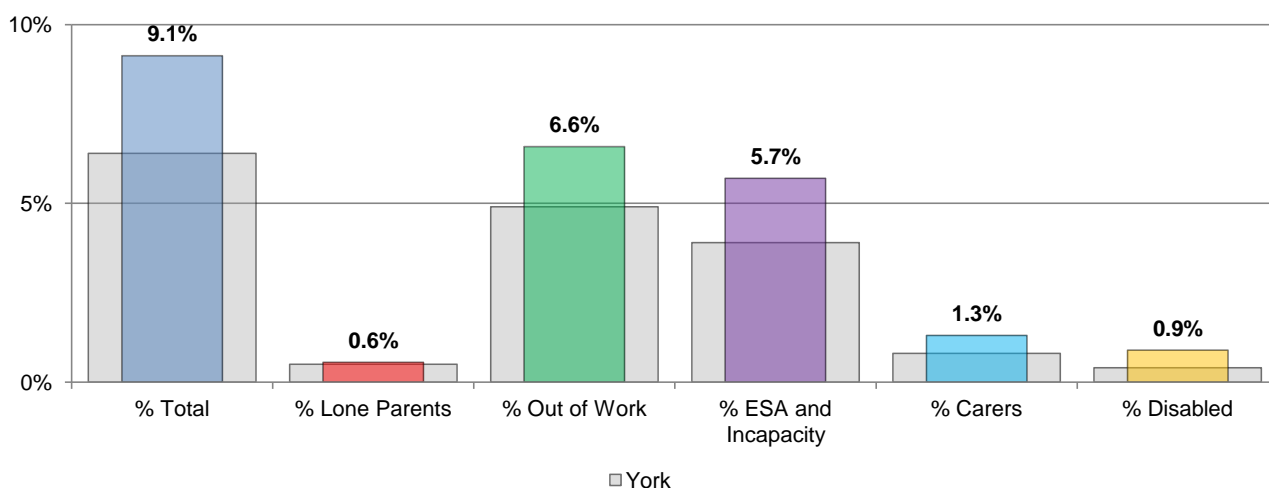
Economy

Benefit Claimant Numbers
Working age Population (16-64)



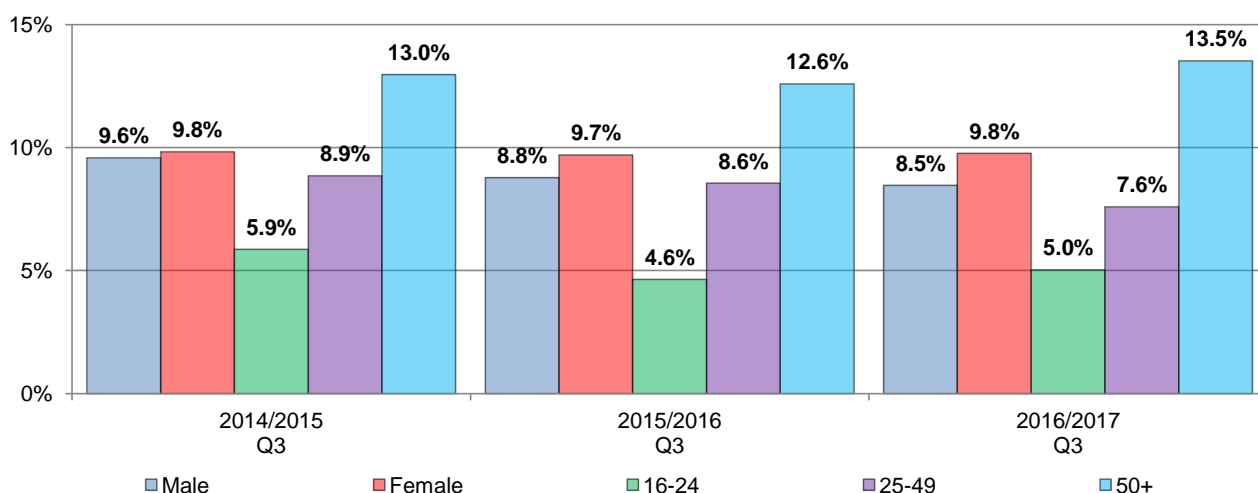
Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

Benefit Claimant Rate
Working age Population (16-64)
Q3 2016/2017



Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

Total Benefit Claimant Rate (Age and Gender)
Working age Population (16-64)



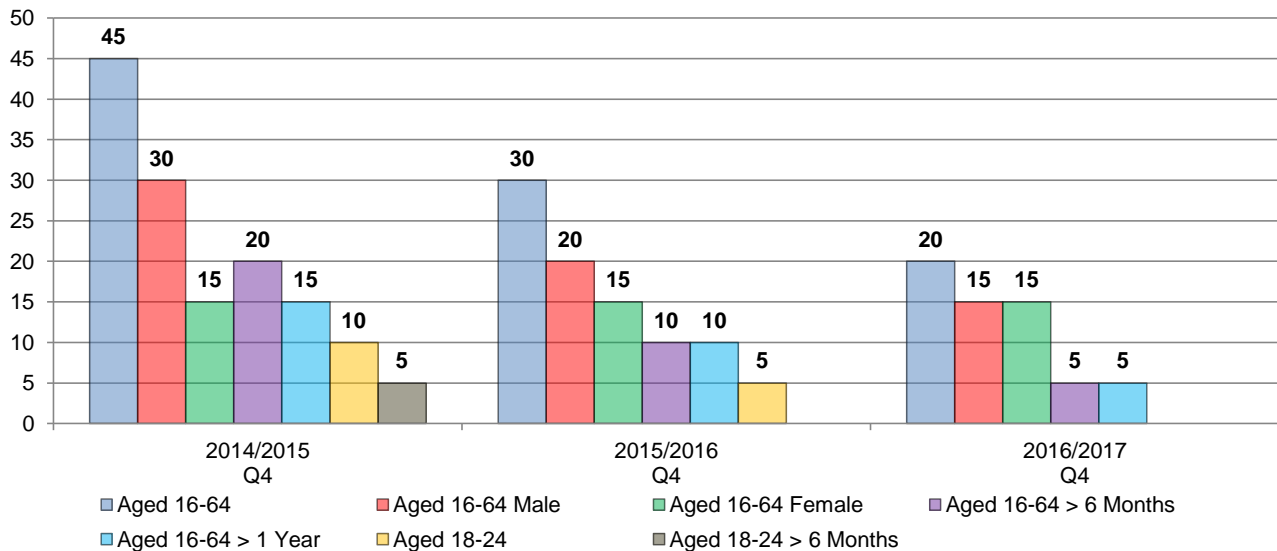
Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



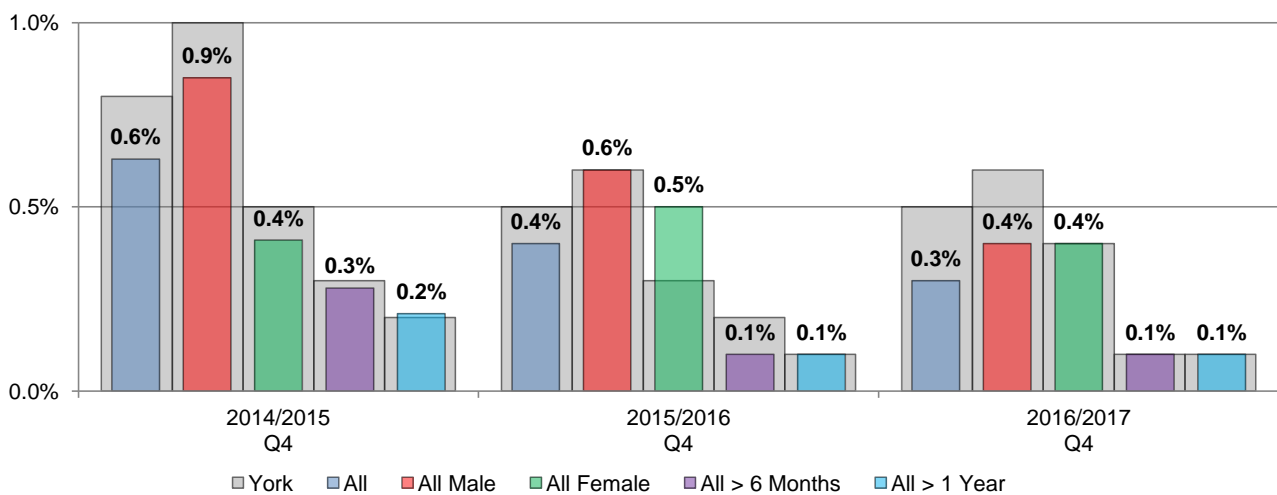
Economy

JSA Claimant Numbers



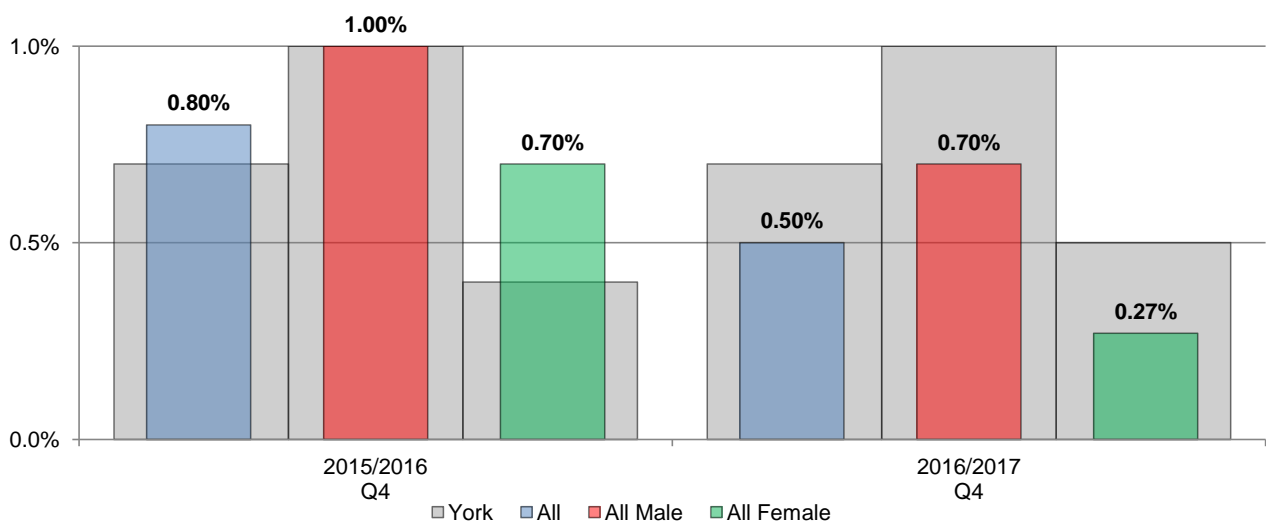
Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

JSA Claimant Rate (Age and Gender)
Working age Population (16-64)



Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

JSA and Universal Credit (out of work) Claimant Rate
Working age Population (16-64)

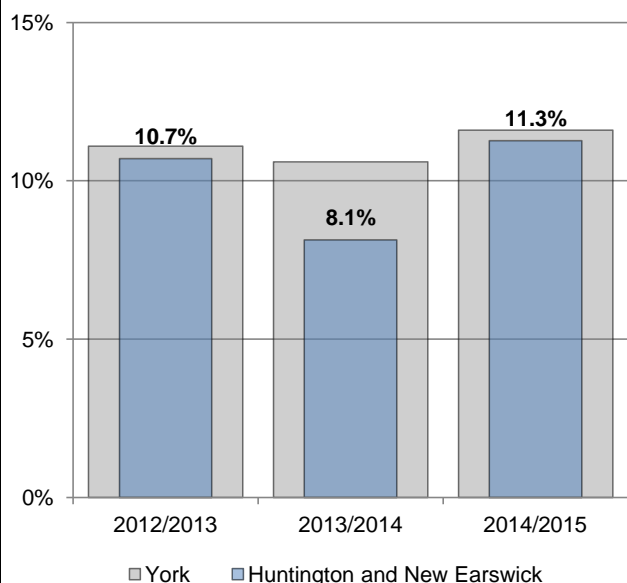


Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

Poverty

Child Poverty

The proportion of children living in families in receipt of out-of-work (means-tested) benefits or in receipt of tax credits where their reported income is less than 60 per cent of UK median income.



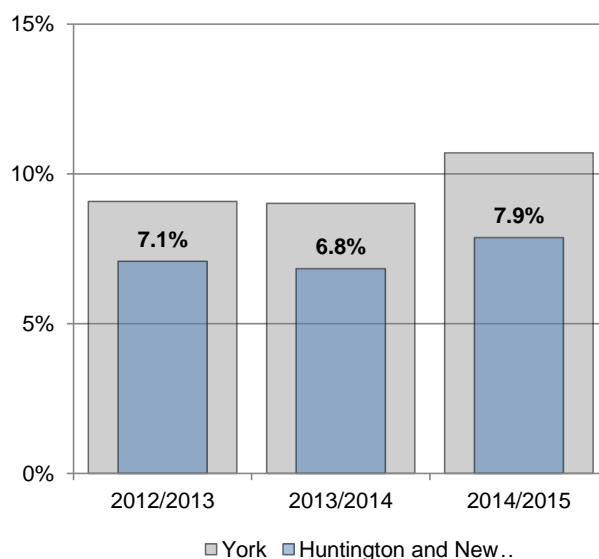
Source: HM Revenue & Customs

Fuel Poverty

The Low Income High Costs indicator is a twin indicator consisting of:

- the number of households that have both low incomes and high fuel costs; and
- the depth of fuel poverty amongst these fuel poor households.

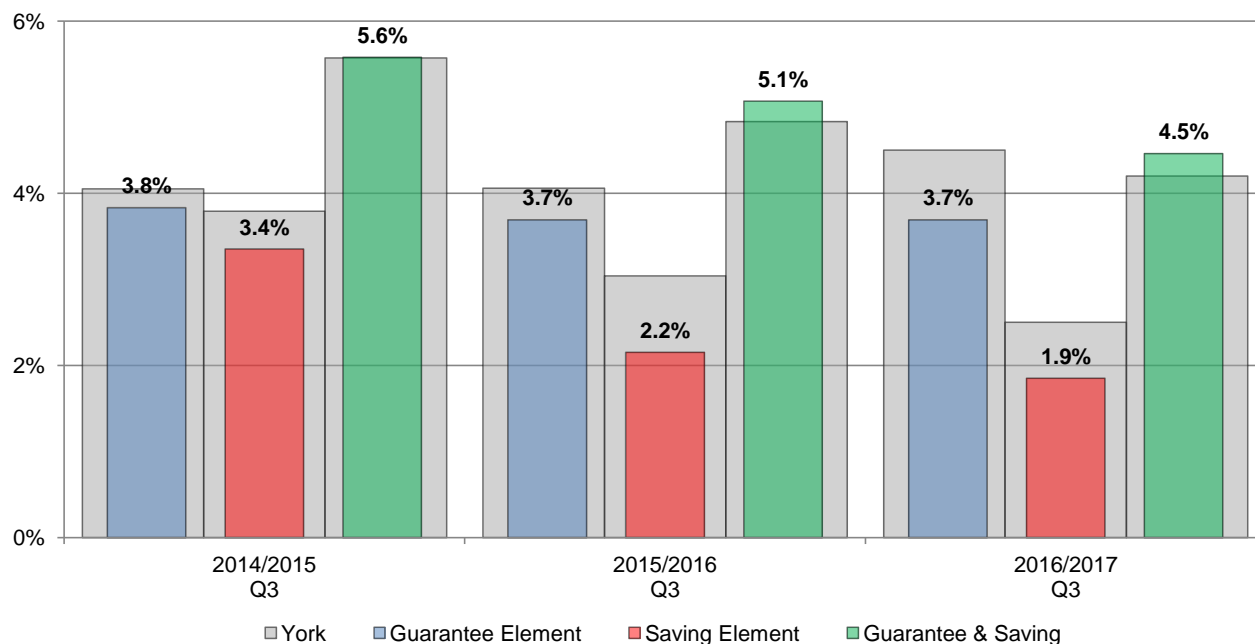
This is measured through a fuel poverty gap which represents the difference between the required fuel costs for each household and the median required fuel costs.



Source: Department of Energy & Climate Change

Pension Credit

Pension Credit is an income-related benefit made up of 2 parts - Guarantee Credit and Savings Credit.

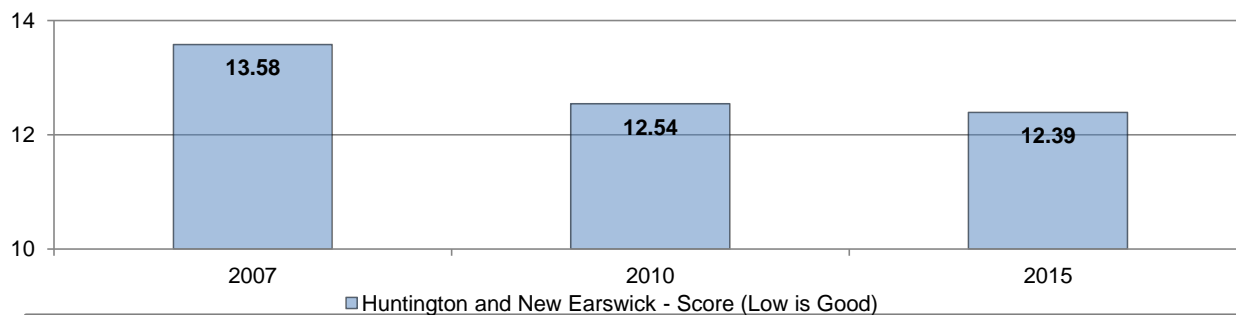


Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

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Indices of Multiple Deprivation

The IMD measures and rates a number of different domains affecting quality of life including income, employment, education and skills, health and disability, crime, barriers to services and quality of living environments.



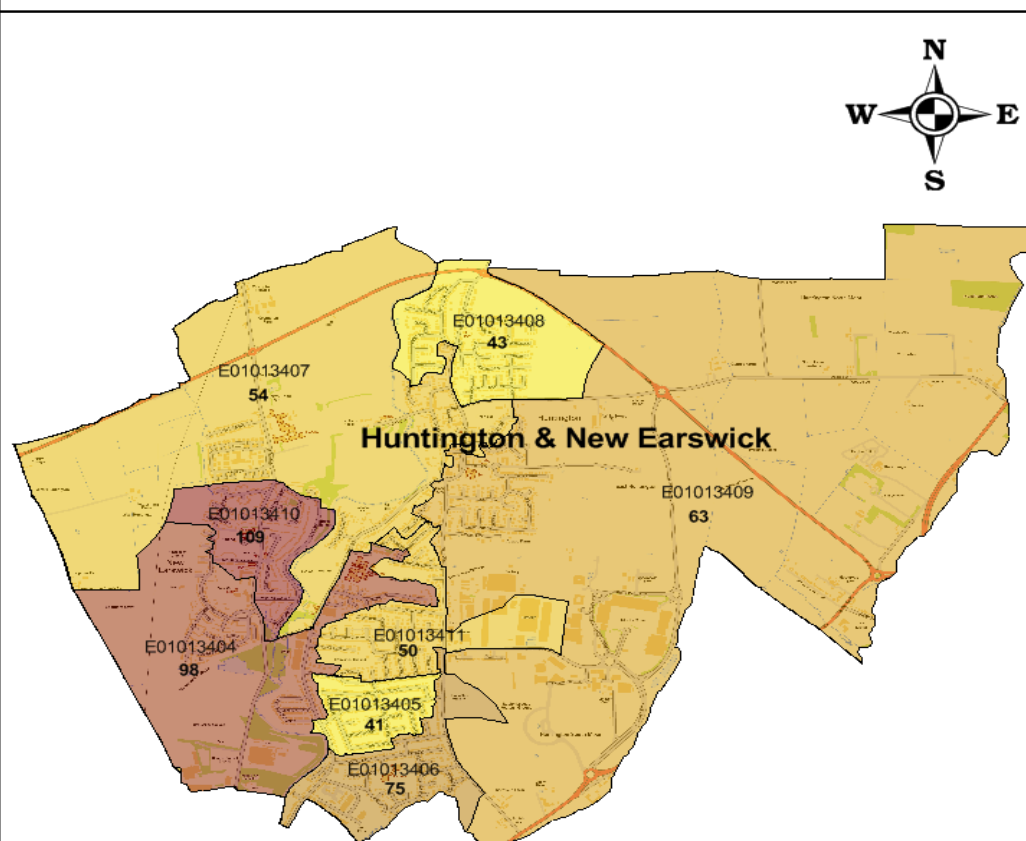
9 out of 21

Ward Rank in York (Low is Bad)
9 out of 21

8 out of 21

Source: Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015 - Huntington & New Earswick: breakdown by LSOA



Key to Deprivation Deciles
1 is least deprived LSOA, 120 is most deprived

- Decile 10 Most Deprived
- Decile 9
- Decile 8
- Decile 7
- Decile 6
- Decile 5
- Decile 4
- Decile 3
- Decile 2
- Decile 1 Least Deprived



kilometres

Scale: 1:26,240

Produced by:

Business Intelligence Hub

Created

09/10/2015

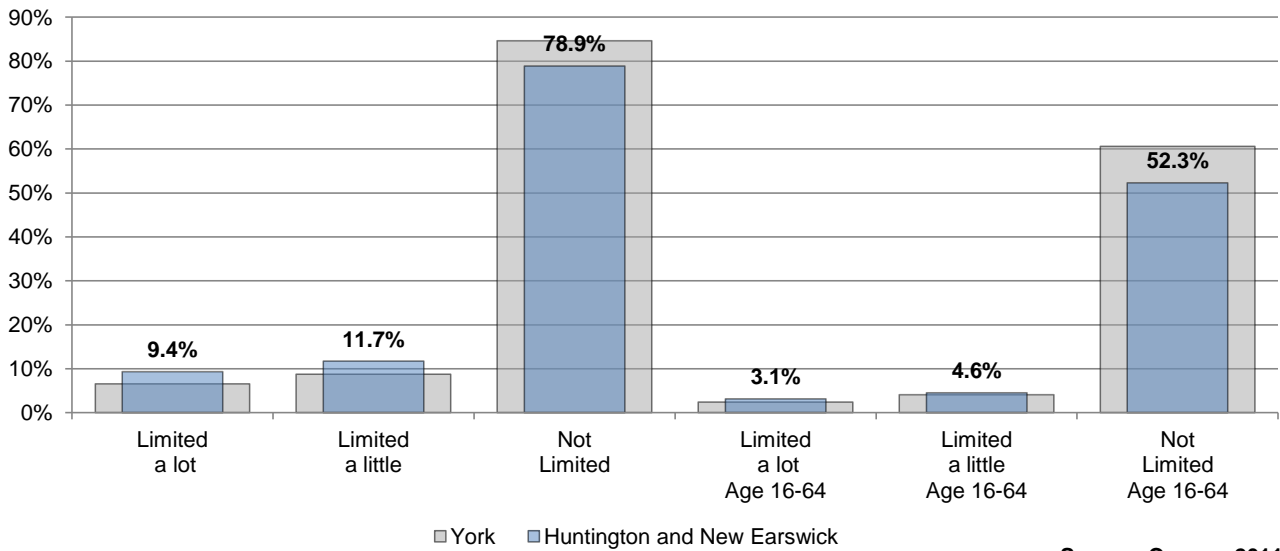
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Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



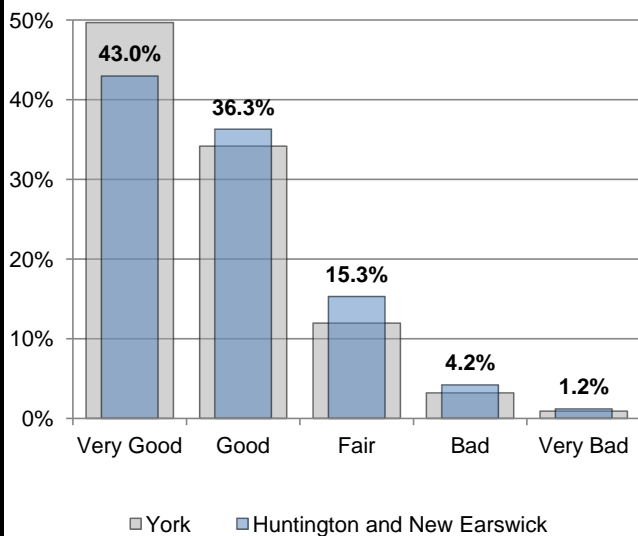
Health and Wellbeing

Day to Day Activities



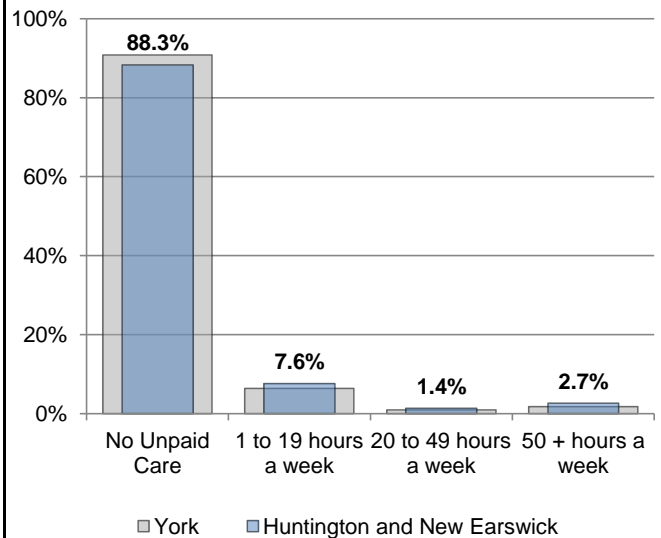
Source: Census 2011

General Health



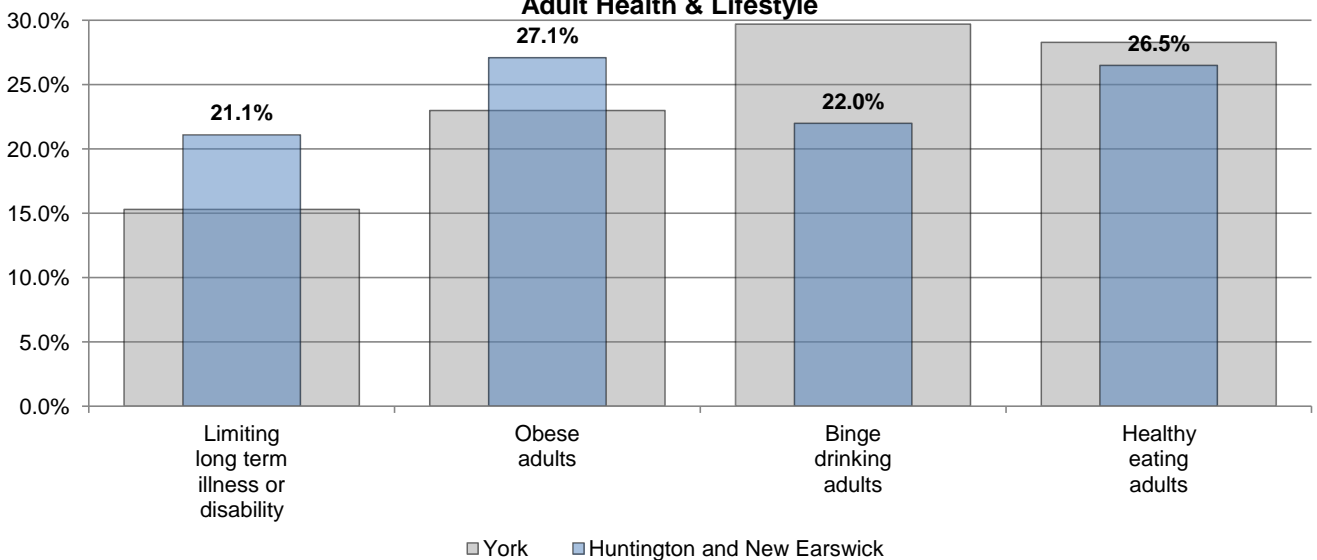
Source: Census 2011

Provide Unpaid Care



Source: Census 2011

Adult Health & Lifestyle

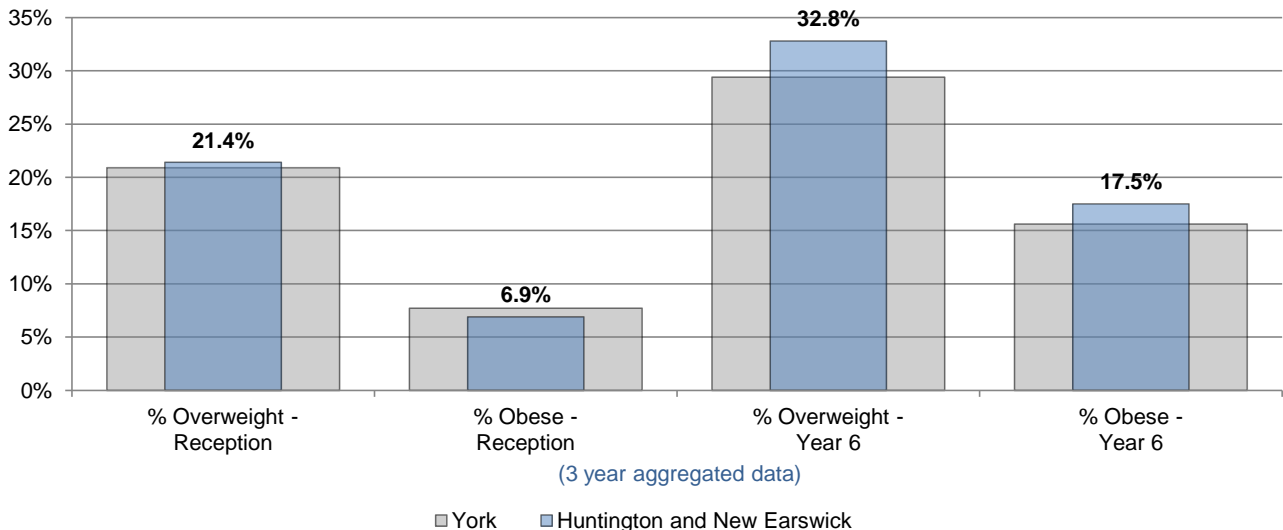


Source: Public Health England - 2014/2015

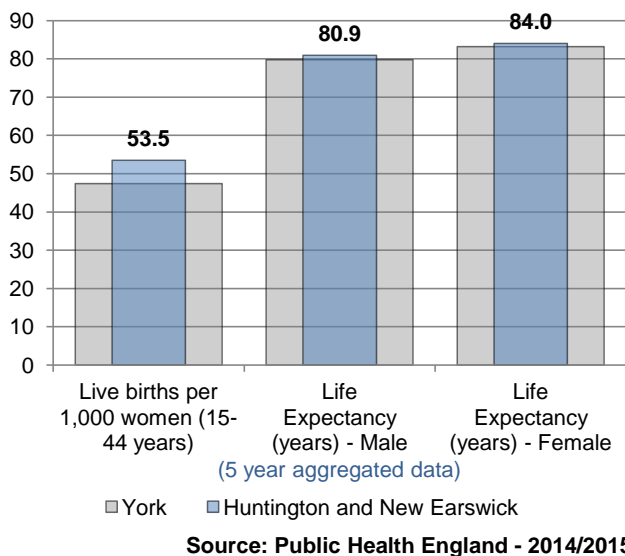
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



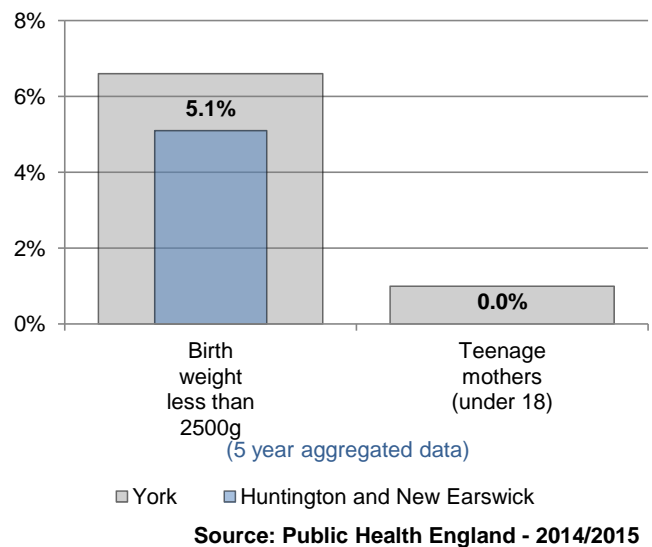
Childhood weight



Fertility and Life Expectancy

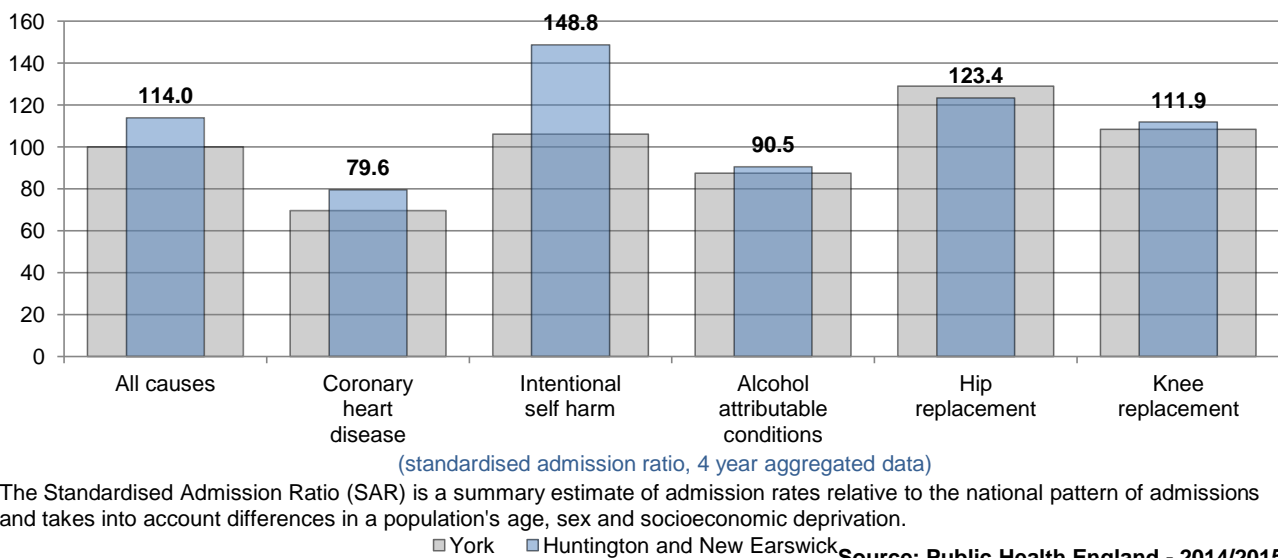


Births



Hospital Admissions

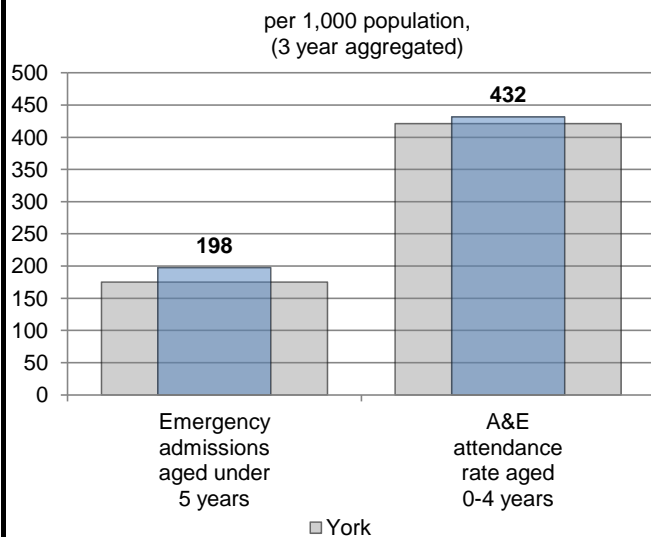
Hospital Admissions, All ages



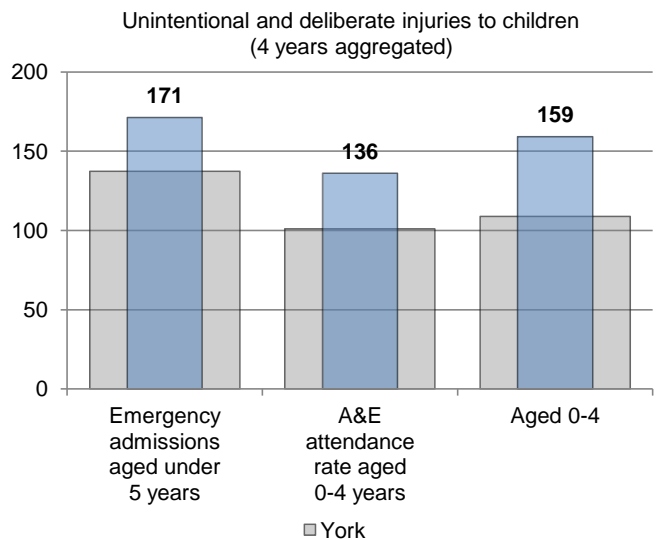
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Hospital Admissions - Children & Young People

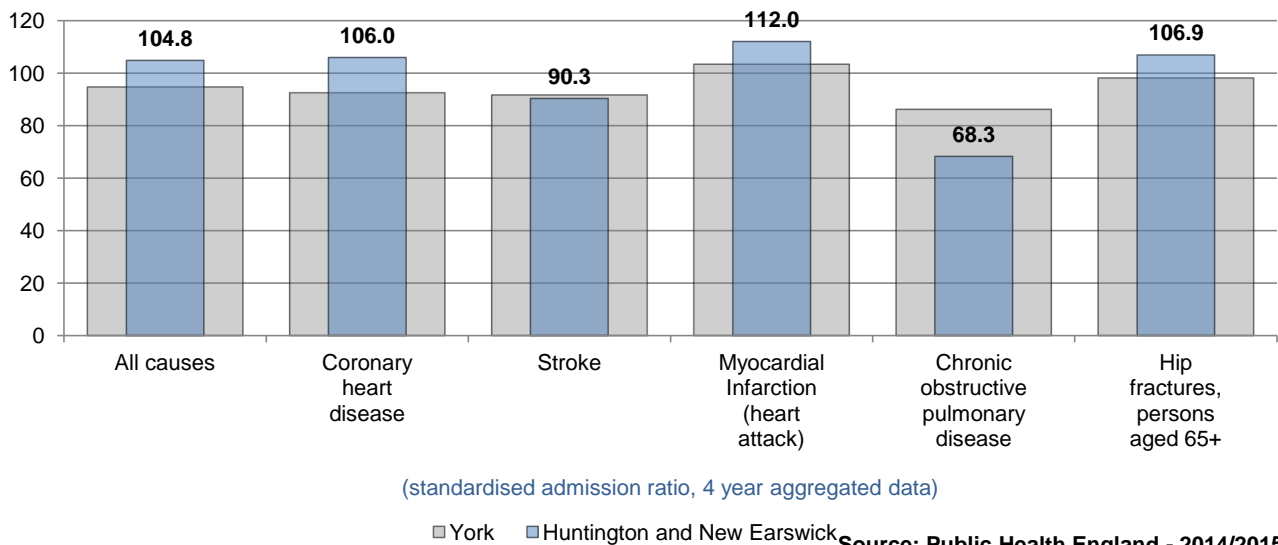


Source: Public Health England - 2014/2015



Source: Public Health England - 2014/2015

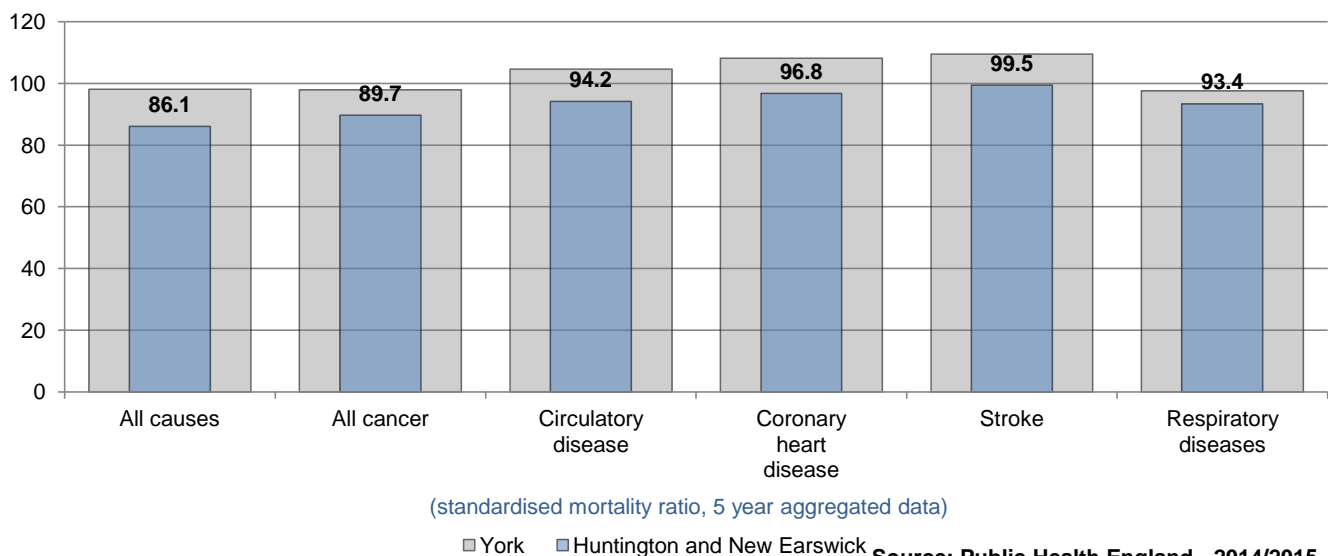
Emergency hospital admissions



Source: Public Health England - 2014/2015

Mortality

Mortality, All ages

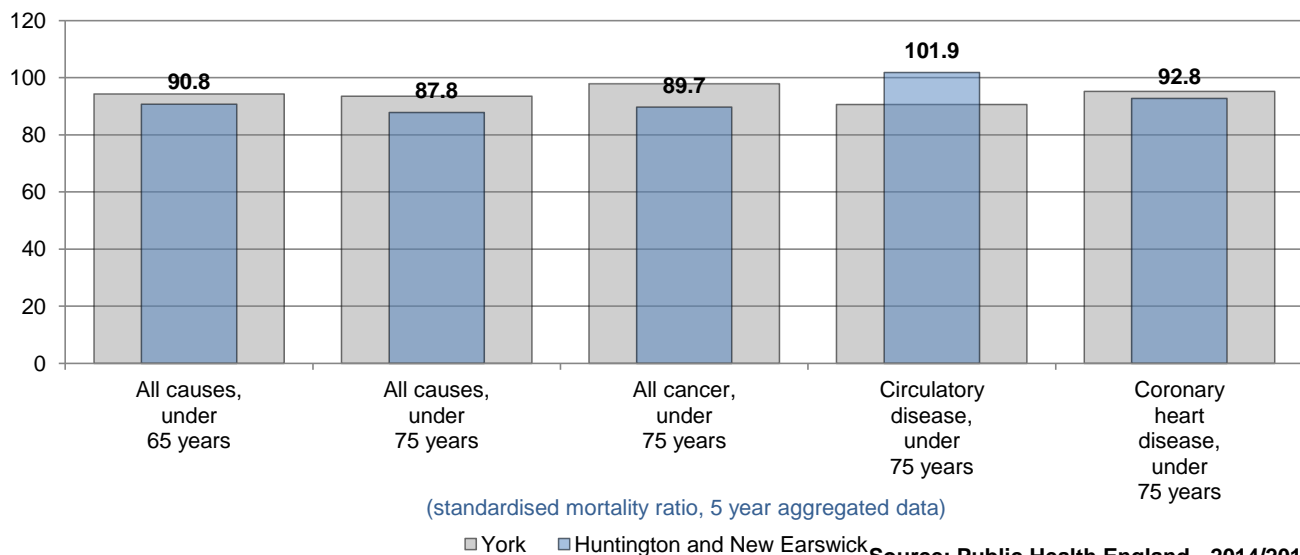


Source: Public Health England - 2014/2015

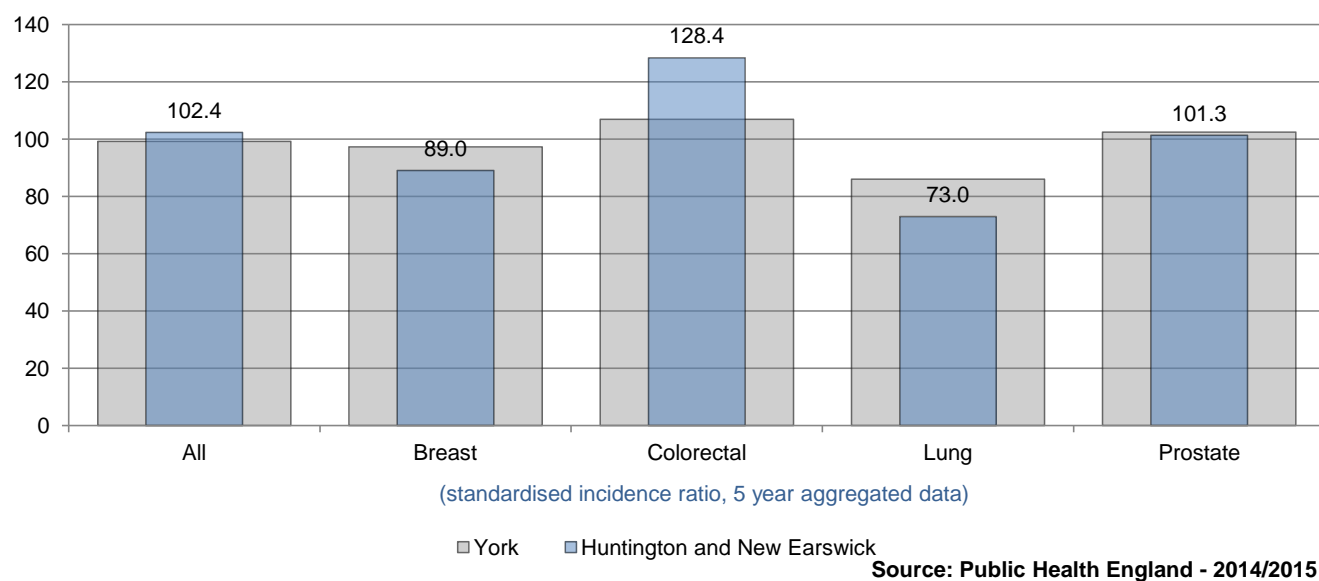
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Premature mortality

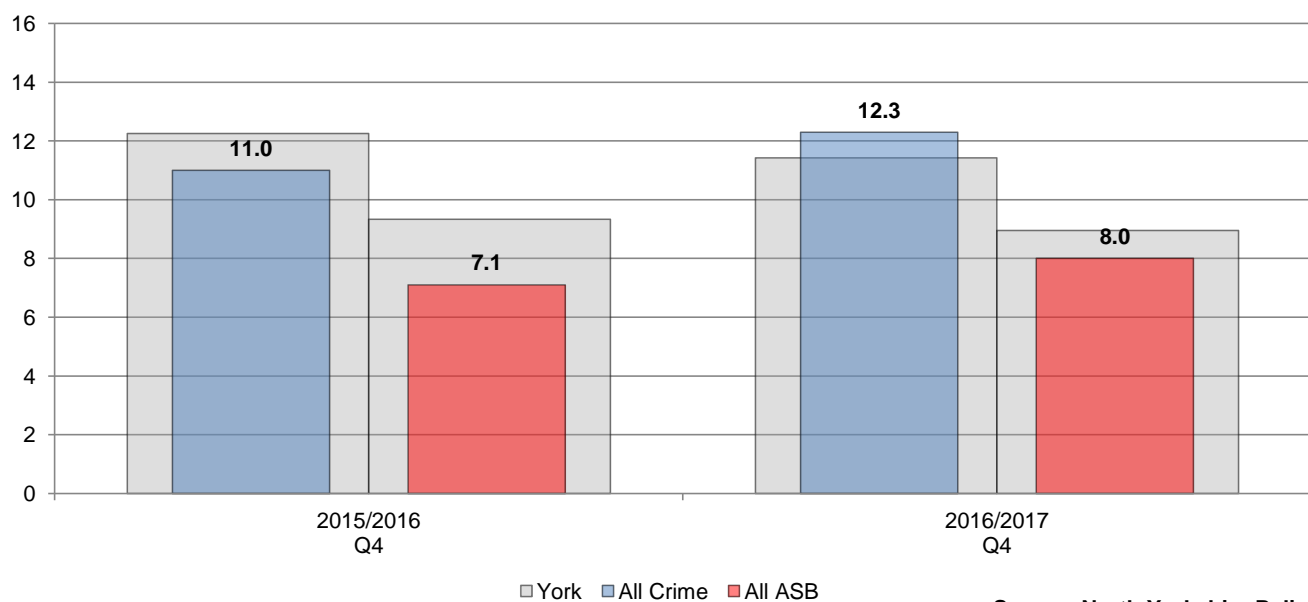


New cases of cancer



Crime and Anti-Social Behaviour

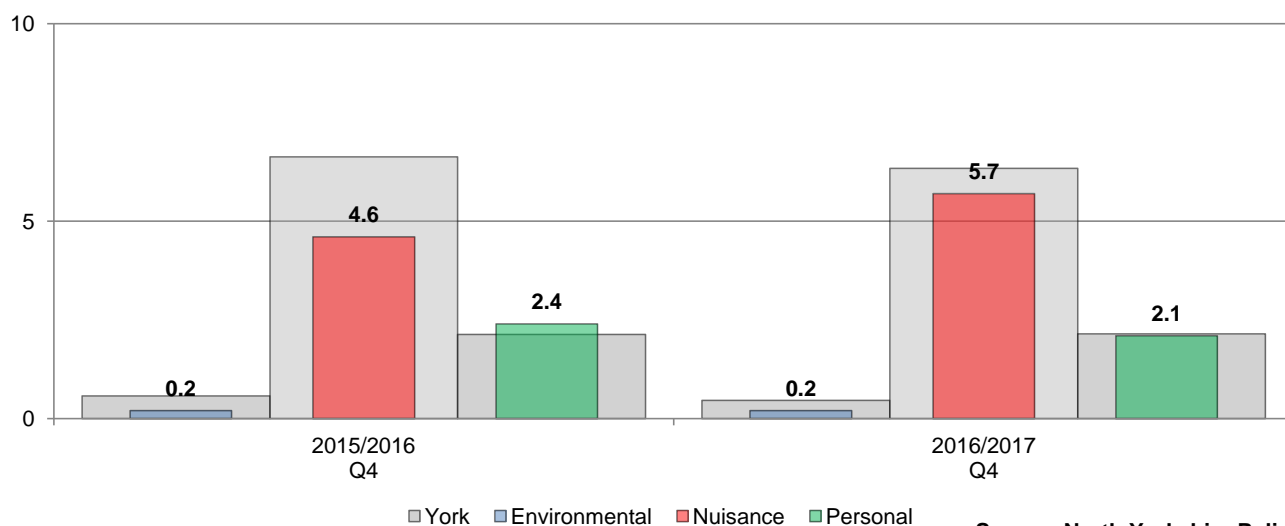
Total Crime and Total Anti-Social Behaviour per 1,000 population



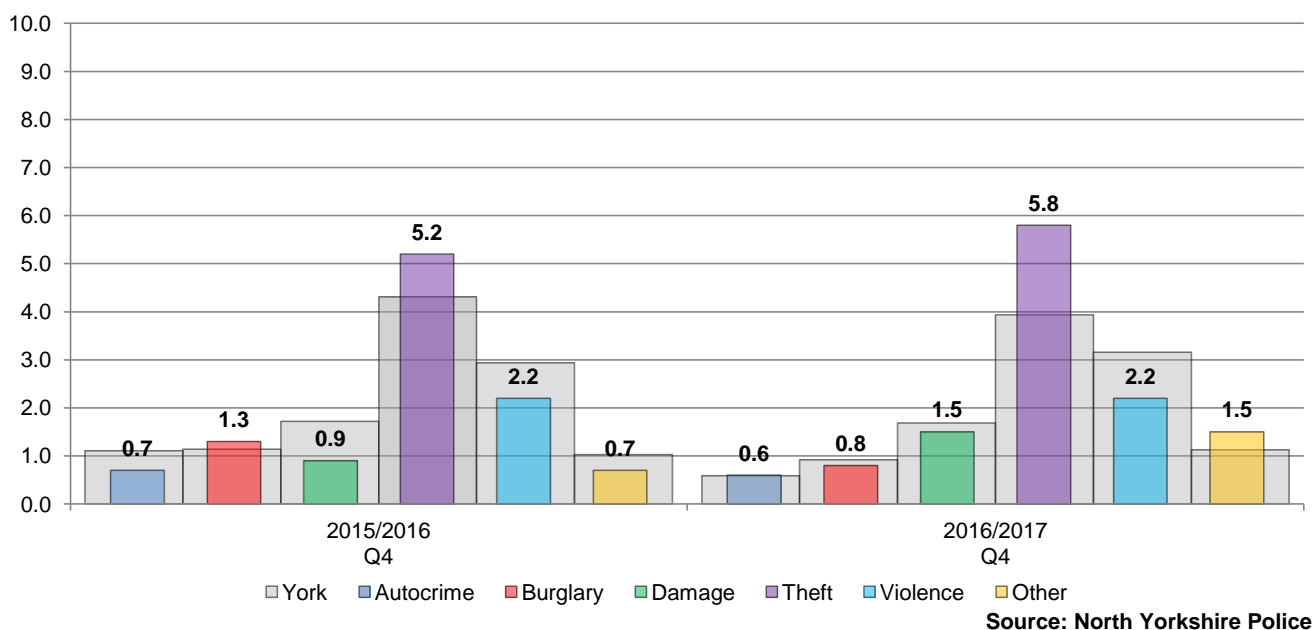
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



ASB per 1,000 population

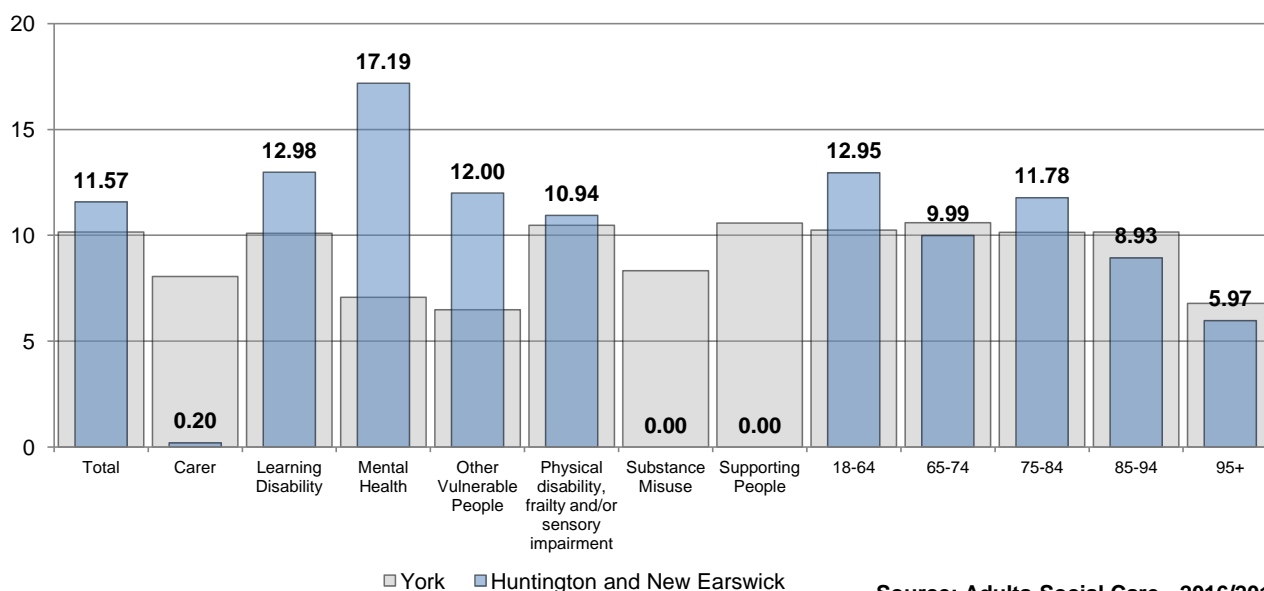


Crime Rate per 1,000 population



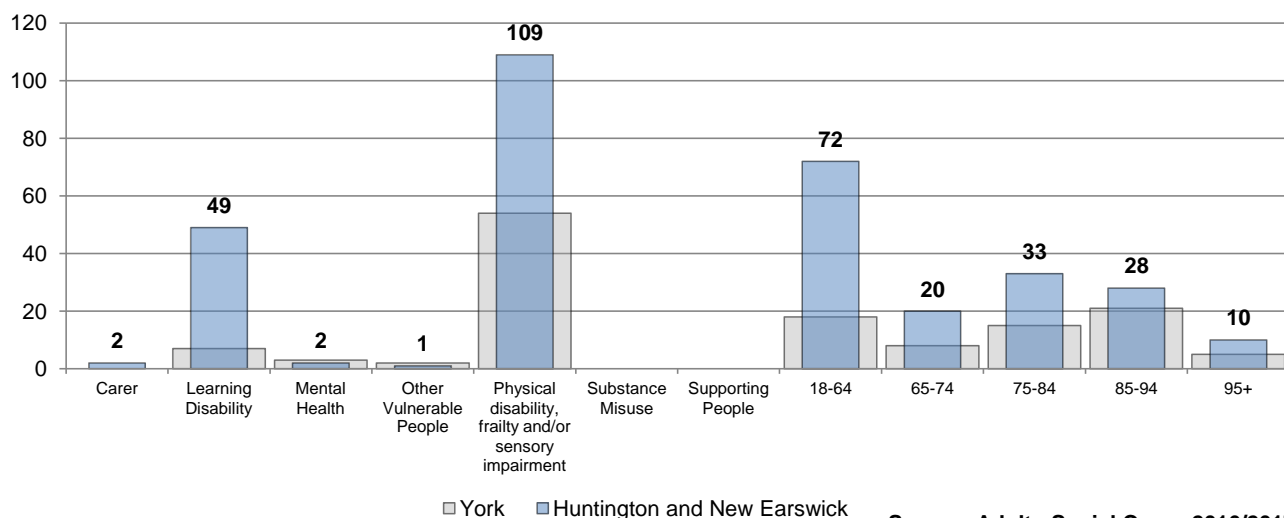
Adult Social Care

Average Weekly Homecare Hours by Client Type and Age

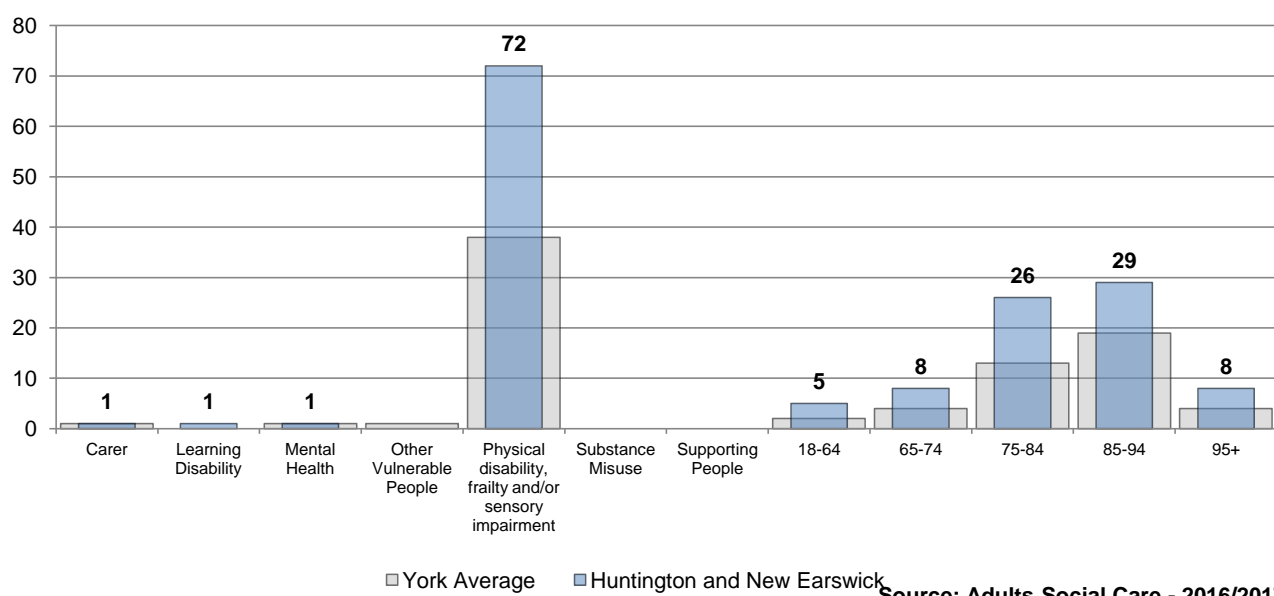


Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile

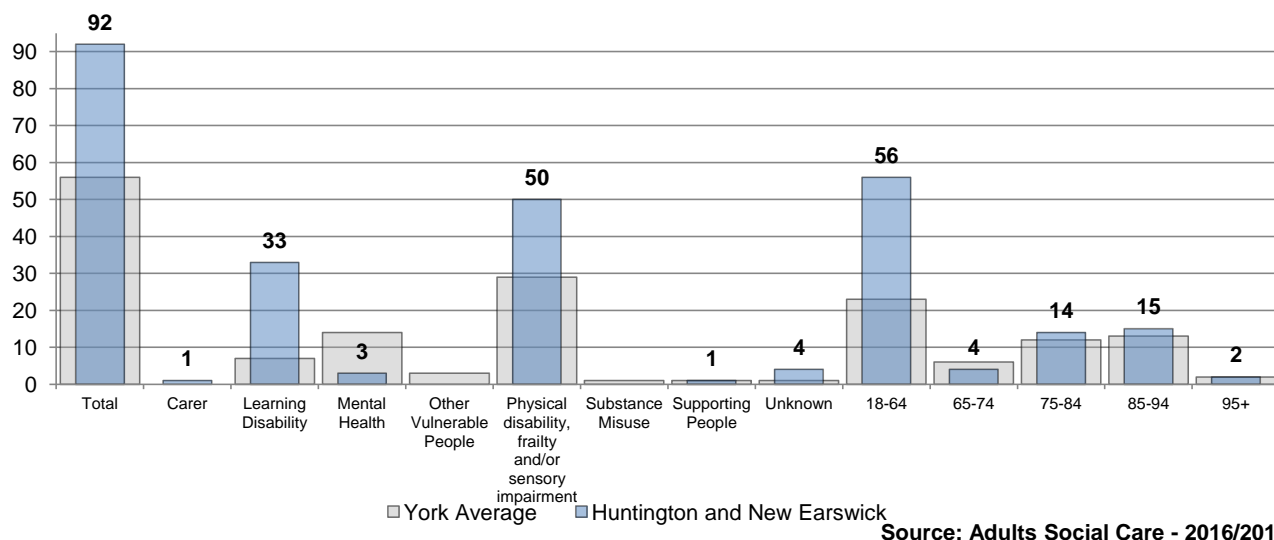
Homecare Clients by Type and Age



Assessment Notices (formerly Section 2 Notices) issued by Hospitals by Primary Client Type and Age



Adults Safeguarding Concerns by Client Type and Age



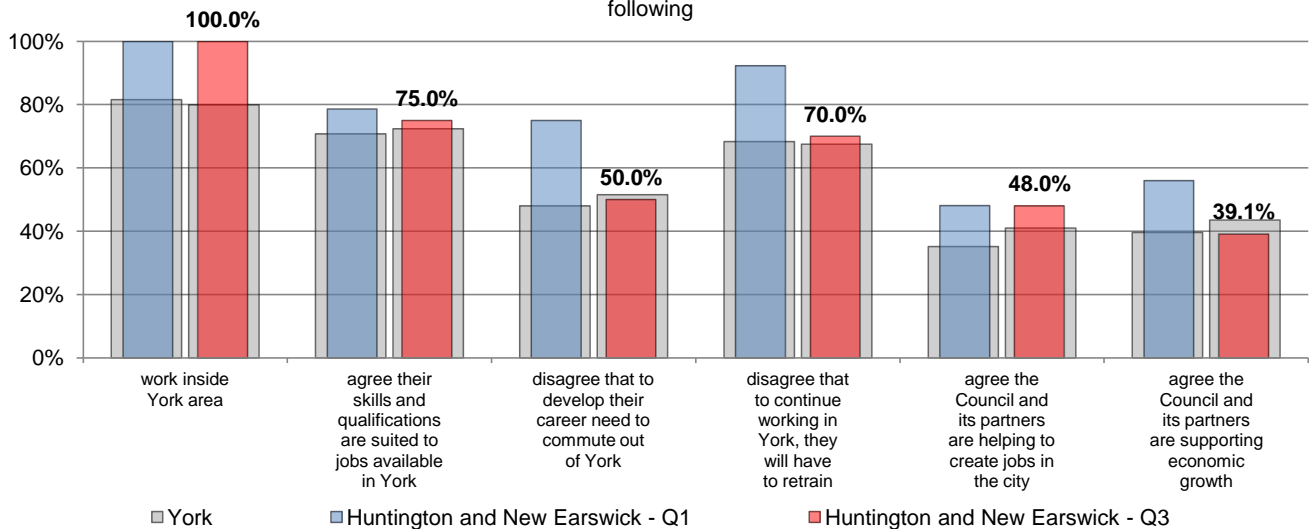
Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Resident Engagement

Resident responses about the Local Economy

Respondents who are retired or not working due to long term illness or disability were unable to answer the following

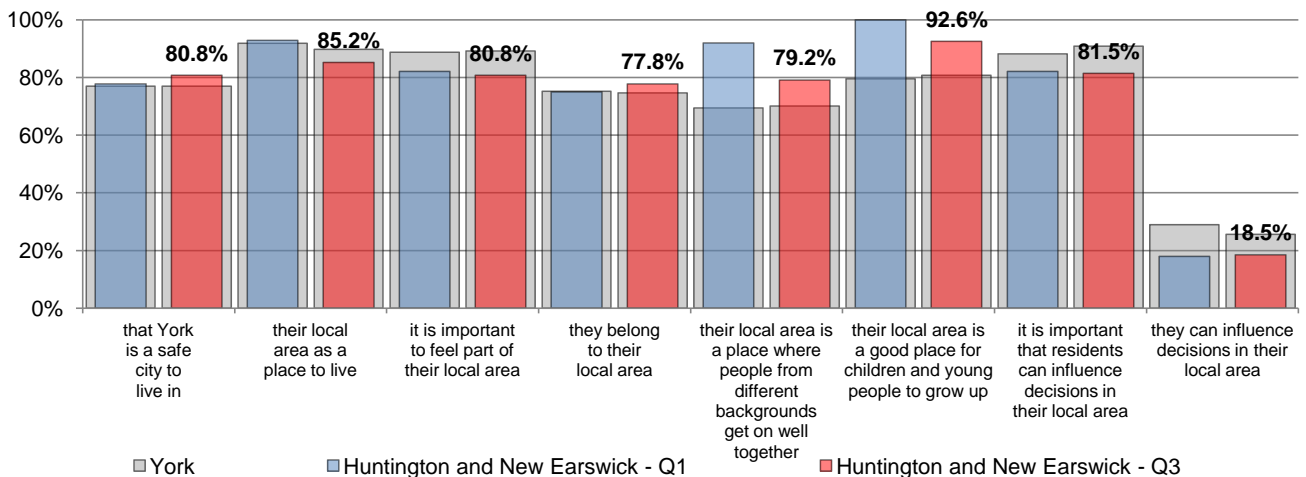


NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2016/2017

Resident satisfaction responses about their Local Area

Respondents were asked to consider their Local Area as the area within 15-20 minutes walking distance from their home

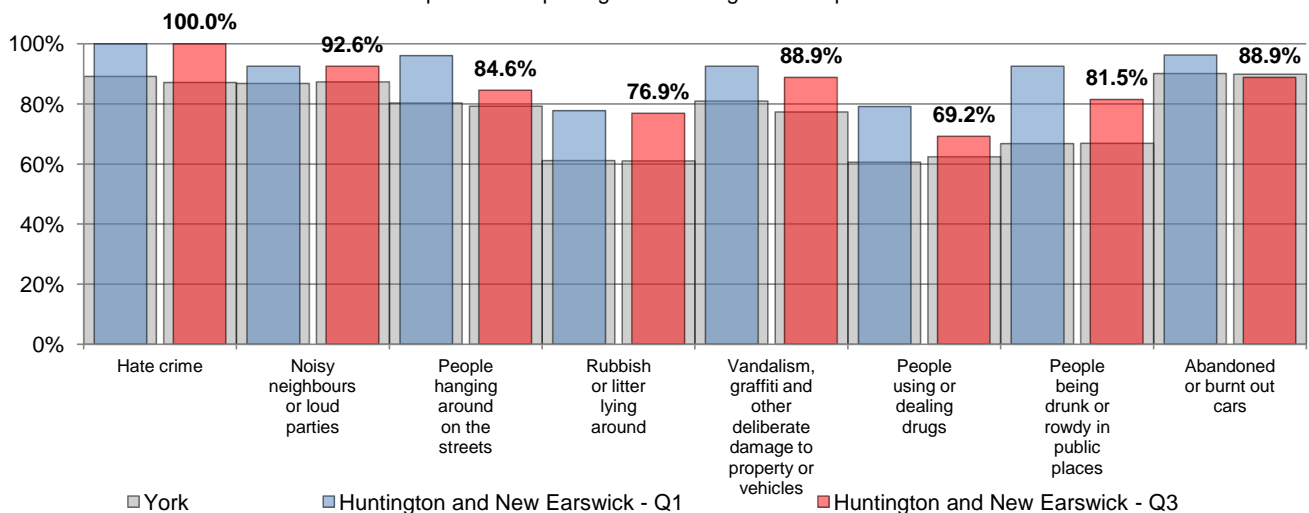


NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2016/2017

Resident satisfaction responses about Public Realm in their Local Area

Respondents reporting the following as 'not a problem'



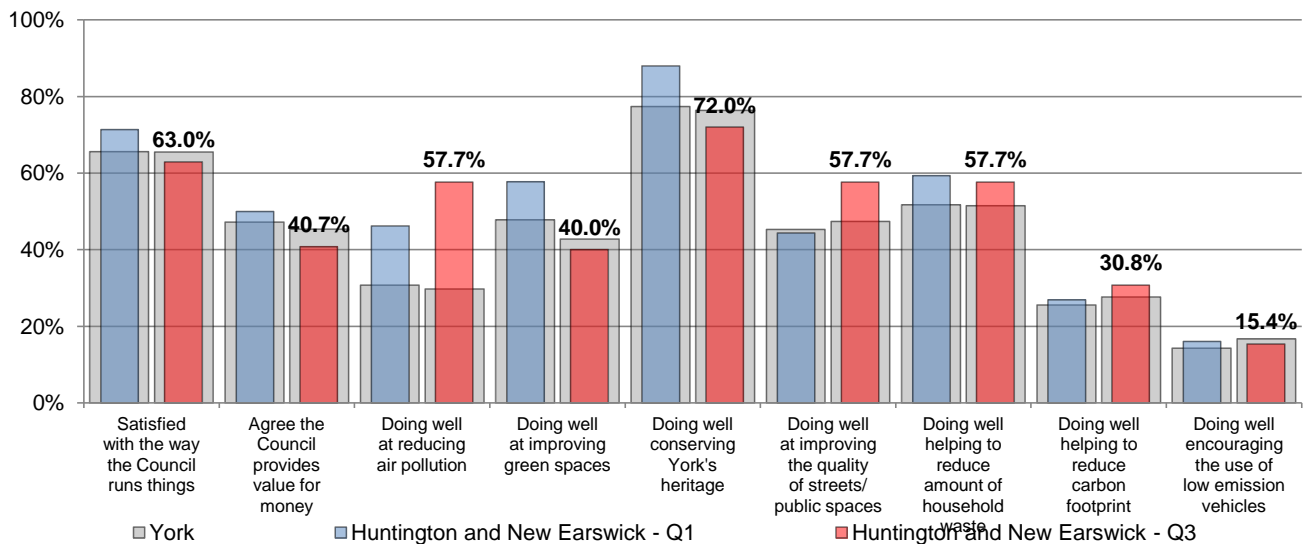
NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2016/2017

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



Resident satisfaction responses about the Council (and partners)



NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2016/2017

Experian Groups

F Senior Security

Elderly singles and couples, homeowners, comfortable homes, additional pensions above state, don't like new technology.

E Suburban Stability

Older families, some adult children at home, suburban mid-range homes, 3 bedrooms, have lived at same address some years.

H Aspiring Homemakers

Younger households, full-time employment, private suburbs, affordable housing costs, starter salaries.

N Vintage Value

Elderly, living alone, low income, small houses and flats, need support.

M Family Basics

Families with children, aged 25 to 40, limited resources, some own low cost homes, some rent from social landlords.

D Domestic Success

Families with children, upmarket suburban homes, owned with a mortgage, 3 or 4 bedrooms, high internet use.

B Prestige Positions

High value detached homes, married couples, managerial and senior positions, supporting students and older children, high assets and investments.

Huntington and New Earswick Ward Profile



| |
|--|
| Experian Types |
| F24 Bungalow Haven Elderly couples and singles, own their bungalow outright, neighbourhoods of elderly people, may research online, like buying in store. |
| M56 Solid Economy Families with children, renting from social landlord, pockets of social housing, lower wage service roles, relatively stable finances. |
| E20 Boomerang Borders Adult children living with parents, respectable incomes, own mid-range semis or detached homes, older suburbs, search electricals online while in store. |
| F25 Classic Grandparents Elderly couples, traditional views, not good with new technology, most likely to have a basic mobile, long length of residence. |
| H31 First-Rung Futures Younger couples and singles, own 2 or 3 bed semis and terraces, affordable suburbs, have lived there under 4 years, buy and sell on ebay. |
| F23 Solo Retirees Elderly singles, small private pension, long length of residence, own a suburban semi or terrace, keep bills down by turning things off. |
| E18 Dependable Me Mature singles, traditional suburbs, own lower value semis, have lived in same house 15 years, intermediate occupations. |
| E19 Fledgling Free Older married couples, children have left home, respectable incomes, own suburban 3 bed semis, one partner often not working full-time. |
| N61 Estate Veterans Average age 75, often living alone, long term social renters of current home, living on estates with some deprivation, low income. |
| E21 Family Ties Parents aged 41-55, adult children at home, often students, also have a child under 18, own semi or detached homes, supporting kids can cause money strains. |